
These papers were processed with the generous support of the National Historical Publications and Records Commission and the John Foster and Janet Avery Dulles Fund.

Summary Information

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Size: 28.5 linear feet
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Abstract: The American Civil Liberties Union Records document the activities of the Union in protecting individual rights from 1920 through 1995. The files contain materials on freedom of speech, expression, and association; due process of law; equality before the law; legal case files; and organizational records. Within these categories files reflect subject areas such as academic freedom, censorship, racial discrimination, aliens' rights, privacy concerns, labor concerns, amnesty, and government loyalty and security. The files reflect work on litigation, advocacy and public policy, and subject files on various areas of interest connected with civil liberties. Materials include correspondence, court documents,
memoranda, printed matter, minutes, reports, briefs, and legal files. Also included are materials from ACLU affiliate organizations, and the Lawyers Constitutional Defense Committee.

Location: This collection is stored onsite at the Mudd Manuscript Library.
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The American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) was established in 1920 to protect the specific constitutional freedoms in the Bill of Rights. In 1915 the American Union Against Militarism (AUAM) was formed to prevent United States involvement in World War I with Crystal Eastman serving as executive secretary. Roger Baldwin became executive director in 1917. Immediately upon United States entry in World War I, the AUAM was inundated with requests for aid to protect free speech, assembly and press which were threatened with political restriction imposed upon U.S. entry into the war and to defend the rights of conscientious objectors. A separate organization was needed to safeguard these rights, and thus the National Civil Liberties Bureau (NCLB) was established in the autumn of 1917 with Roger Baldwin as director.

For the history of the ACLU during the Baldwin years, see the history in the ACLU finding aid, 1912-1950.

The ACLU, 1950-1995: The Trials of Growth

The forty years between 1950 and 1990 were a time of significant growth for the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU). Membership increased twenty-five times, and the Union's impact on the legal landscape was broad and deep. One historian decreed that the decade after 1954 witnessed "the greatest advances in civil liberties in American history," with significant gains for African-Americans, women, students, the mentally-ill, prisoners, and others previously denied the full protection afforded by the U.S. Constitution. This period also saw the end to much censorship and the decoupling of church/state activity. The ACLU's boom was not without the threat of bust, however. The organization restructured itself several times as it wrestled to reflect internally the principles it espoused publicly. Its expansion into new areas of civil rights along with its firm stand on the First Amendment produced episodes that threatened the ACLU's viability.

Organizational Expansion

In the years immediately following World War II, younger, non-founding members of the ACLU Board pressed for and eventually achieved a structural reorganization that led to the Union's present configuration. In 1950, Roger Baldwin's role changed from administrator to ambassador, in which he toured, lectured, and wrote on civil liberties issues. While at the helm of the ACLU, Baldwin preferred that the ACLU remain a small, centrally-controlled unit with himself at the helm, something that changed under the administration of his successor, Patrick Murphy Malin. A Swarthmore economist, Malin lacked Baldwin's charm and speaking skills, but he was a successful administrator who oversaw the growth of the organization from 9,000 members in 1950 to over 60,000 by the time of his departure in 1962.

Much of this growth can be attributed to the expansion of local affiliates at the state and regional level that had their own boards and acted upon local civil liberties issues. Many served as watchdogs--ensuring that civil rights victories won by the national ACLU in the high courts were enforced at the local level--while other affiliates were active in initiating cases, often with more absolutist positions than the national office. Though the affiliates had a voice in deciding the national chapter's direction and policy since 1954, the organizational mechanism by which this was accomplished was cumbersome, changing several times. A workable method was found in 1967 with the creation of an 80-member board of directors comprised of representatives from all the affiliates and thirty at-large members. In addition, starting in 1959 and continuing to the present, the ACLU held biennial
conferences to inform membership on pertinent topics, and to gather their views on civil liberties issues.

The Cold War and Civil Liberties

Historian Samuel Walker divides the ACLU’s area of activity between 1950-1990 into four broad areas: Cold War issues, censorship, church/state, and civil rights. The beginning of the Cold War, the rise of Joseph McCarthy and the re-emergence of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HUAC) created an atmosphere of intolerance and suspicion that not only posed a threat to individual civil liberties, but also destroyed the lives of many caught in the web spun by the Wisconsin Senator and his minions. The ACLU challenged the actions of McCarthy and HUAC on the tenet that only peoples’ acts, not their beliefs, should be penalized; anything less infringed on First Amendment principle.

While the ACLU had not always lived up to these same principles (in 1940 it ousted board member Elizabeth Gurley Flynn for her membership in the Communist Party), by the early 1950s the ACLU did not hesitate to aid in the publication of Merle Miller’s The Judges and the Judged. The book detailed HUAC's and McCarthy's red-baiting tactics, such as the prevalent use of unnamed (and hence unreliable or unanswerable) sources, guilt by association or exercise of one's Fifth Amendment rights, and other questionable means that resulted in blacklistings and firings of many in unions, the film industry, and the teaching profession. The ACLU called for the abolition of HUAC, attacked any measure that punished Communist Party members or denied them rights based solely on party membership (Kent v. Dulles, for example), and sought fair and open investigations for the accused. In testament to its strict adherence to principle, the ACLU reminded the United States Senate of its obligation to provide McCarthy a fair hearing when it began censure proceedings against him in 1954.

The ACLU may have stood up for the rights of the accused more readily in 1950 than it did in 1940 because Roger Baldwin had developed a quid pro quo with J. Edgar Hoover in which the ACLU did not publicize FBI civil rights violations, and high-level Union officers cooperated with the Bureau. Baldwin and others thought that this cooperation, in conjunction with the Flynn resolution, inoculated the Union against attack as a Communist-front organization, freeing it to spend its energies defending constitutional principle, not itself. This arrangement, shocking when revealed in later years, did not prevent the FBI from continuing its massive surveillance of the ACLU and its members.

Red hunters cited national security as the basis for their actions, a justification that the government would continue to invoke and one that the ACLU contested in such cases as the Pentagon Papers (U.S. v. New York Times), Watergate (U.S. v. Nixon), and Iran-Contra. In 1969, 13 years after Joseph McCarthy's death, the ACLU’s vigilance bore the ultimate fruit in Brandenburg v. Ohio in which the Supreme Court ruled that the government only could punish direct incitement to lawless action, thereby invalidating the Smith Act and all state sedition laws that restricted radical political thought.

Censorship and Freedom of Speech

The cousin to McCarthyism's national security cause was the drive to protect people from printed materials and movies that promoted Communism or were perceived to erode community morals. Censorship attempts were, from the ACLU's point of view, a fundamental attack on free speech, and over the course of three decades, the Union came to adopt an absolutist position, suffering no infringement in any form. Beginning with a 1952 Supreme Court victory in Burstyn v. Wilson/McCaffrey in which the high court declared that states cannot prohibit the screening of films based on state-based standards, the ACLU rang up a string of court victories. These, combined with changing market pressures, brought a complete end to many common censorship practices by the 1960s (Jacobellis v. Ohio), including the sharp curtailment of post office censorship (Hannegan v. Esquire).
In a related decision, the Supreme Court gave a boost to freedom of the press in New York Times v. Sullivan which declared that public officials could not sue for defamation unless they proved "actual malice," thereby providing the media with heretofore unknown freedom to report critically. Freedom of speech was extended, with the ACLU's assistance, by placing it above property rights in Pruneyard Shopping Center v. Robins, with the high court deciding that a shopping center could not forbid the distribution of political pamphlets on its premises.

Perhaps the most famous free speech issue of the ACLU's history, and certainly one that had the greatest impact on the organization, was the pitched battle over American Nazis' right to parade through Skokie, Illinois in 1977. Half the town's 70,000 citizens were Jewish, and about 1,000 were Holocaust survivors, but this did not dissuade the ACLU (then headed by Aryeh Neier who was Jewish) from taking on the Nazis' cause in what the ACLU considered a "classic First Amendment case."

What the Union did not count on was a vigorous counter-argument by the Jewish Defense League, nor the loss of the support of its long-time ally, the American Jewish Congress. The ACLU won the court case, though the Nazis never marched in Skokie (ultimately parading at a site in downtown Chicago), but the highly-publicized case caused a backlash resulting in a large drop in membership. Neier, who had assumed the executive director's post after the departure of John de J. Pemberton in 1970 and was accustomed to growing membership rolls and increasing budgets, found himself unable to reconcile the organization's activities with available funds and resigned. His successor, Ira Glasser, initiated an emergency appeal to supporters and raised over $500,000, allowing him to re-structure organizationally and financially, placing the ACLU back in the black and ready for the looming trials of the Reagan Revolution.

Church/State

The ACLU earned the enmity of many for its efforts in enforcing the separation of church and state. Working to end state-sanctioned forms of religion, predominantly mainstream Protestantism, the ACLU sought to abolish school prayer, various government subsidies for religious education, and other connections between government and religious activity. Starting in 1947 with Everson v. Board of Education, the court delineated the Establishment Clause and the ACLU began to challenge long-entrenched government support for religious activity. Assailing school prayer, the ACLU won high court decisions to end it (Engel v. Vitale and Abingdon School District v. Schempp). It also re-fought the Scopes trial (Epperson v. Arkansas) in Arkansas which had required the teaching of creationism as well as evolution.

Frequently working in conjunction with Protestants United for the Separation of Church and State (later Americans United...) and the American Jewish Congress, the ACLU repeatedly clashed with the desires of the Roman Catholic Church on issues such as censorship, birth control, or school aid, often with the ACLU the victor. By the late 1960s, changes in public attitude toward church/state issues cemented the organization's gains, as many mainstream churches accepted the delineation. However, fundamentalist religions continued challenging laws on public prayer issues into the 1990s, with little effect (Wallace v. Jaffree). Often, the affiliates bore the brunt of enforcement on church/state separation, acting to check sometimes frequent local infringements, thus proving Roger Baldwin's assertion that "no victory ever stays won."

Civil Rights

The First Amendment clearly delineates free speech protection and church/state separation, and it was easy for the ACLU to pick up the banner for these causes. However, most of the ACLU's work from the 1950s onward involved the more ambiguous and complex realm of civil rights, helping
secure the rights or expanding the concept of those same rights for those who had been denied them in the past such as African-Americans, women, homosexuals, children, the mentally-ill, prisoners, and the accused. In this multifaceted arena, the ACLU found itself embroiled both internally and externally, as the national organization sought to define its mission even as state affiliates and regional offices acted on their own accord, usually pushing further and harder than the national organization planned to go.

For example, during the Vietnam War ACLU moderates clashed with anti-war activists over the issue of representing Dr. Benjamin Spock, the famous pediatrician and prominent anti-war activist accused of interfering with the functions of government when he organized a "Stop the Draft" Week in 1968. Legal director Melvin Wulf first announced that the ACLU would represent Spock, only to be overruled by the national board, prompting the Massachusetts affiliate to take up Spock's cause. Though ultimately the government would drop its case, pro-Spock members saw the case as an opportunity to raise questions about the Vietnam War's legitimacy (as well as freedom of speech), while moderates viewed that issue as outside the ACLU's scope. It also brought to the fore a long-simmering debate over whether the ACLU should participate directly in lawsuits or contribute amicus curiae ("friend of the court") briefs to other cases. After reviewing its most recent past activity, the Union decided that they had de facto become directly involved in cases and would continue as such.

Despite the organizational turmoil, a discussion of the ACLU's legal success under the civil rights rubric threatens to become a numbing list of historic Supreme Court decisions. Brown v. Board of Education, which overturned Plessy v. Ferguson and tolled the end of government-endorsed segregation was one of many cases in which the ACLU worked together with the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) to win rights for African-Americans. The ACLU participated in all the major civil rights cases, arguing for freedom of speech and association rights that allowed the sit-ins, freedom rides, and other methods employed by the movement.

Other famous high court cases in which the ACLU partook include: Griswold v. Connecticut, which recognized a right to privacy, thereby laying the foundation for future abortion rights decisions; Tinker v. Des Moines and In re Gault, two cases recognizing that minors enjoyed some Constitutional protection, especially in regard to freedom of speech and due process; and Miranda v. Arizona, Mapp v. Ohio, Escobedo v. Illinois, and Gideon v. Wainwright, all of which expanded the rights of the accused, mandating an explanation of their rights and access to counsel, and placing limits on police action. (While these last cases caused many police groups to view the ACLU with hostility, the Union also defended a police officer's right to belong to conservative political organizations such as the John Birch Society.)

As the concept of civil rights expanded, the ACLU started several special projects designed to focus solely on specific topics, including the Mental Health Law Project, the Project on Amnesty, the Privacy Project, the Women's Rights Project, the Lesbian and Gay Rights Project, and Prisoners' Rights Project. Each project worked not only to change the law, but to educate the public and raise their own funds.

Expansion Issues

The Children's Rights Project is an example of how the ACLU changed itself from a small, centrally-controlled organization to an expansive confederacy of groups working to advance the goal of civil liberties. With its roots in the 1970s and located at the national organization's office in New York City, it was one of the focused projects financially seeded by the national organization. In 1995, it had become successful enough to incorporate itself and separate from the ACLU organizationally, physically, and financially. Another sign of growth was the start of the regional offices. In addition to
the Washington, D.C. office (established 1938) the Southern Regional Office in Atlanta was organized in 1964 and the Mountain States Regional Office in Denver a few years later. Each handled cases particular to their geographic areas, as well as the usual range of cases that interested the ACLU. This led to varying interpretations of ACLU policy which resulted in the creation of the ACLU's official policy guides, issued first in 1966 and revised periodically. These represented the ACLU's attempt to coordinate and control the types of cases the Union would take on and to shepherd resources along coordinated lines.

Unfortunately, the national organization had trouble determining what path to take, as many individuals within the organization pulled in different directions. Exacerbating this problem was the ACLU's re-structuring which attempted to reconcile the many voices in the civil liberties debate. After the first re-organization which opened up policy making to affiliates in 1954, the ACLU re-organized again in 1964, establishing a two-tiered system of governance in which affiliate representatives met twice a year and the board of directors in between. The dichotomy did not provide any stability and three years later, the Union re-organized once again, establishing its one-body 80-member board. Throughout this time, the ACLU continued its board committees--some standing, others ad hoc--which focused on particular issues such as academic freedom or due process. In later years, the rise of the special projects would overtake some of the committees' work and the role of the committees would be reduced, though not eliminated.

The establishment of the Roger N. Baldwin/ACLU Foundation in 1967 was another major organizational change for the ACLU. The Union created the charitable fund-raising arm to pay attorneys to work on the ACLU's behalf, signalling the end of the national organization's long-standing reliance on volunteer lawyers. Though volunteer attorneys continued to play a significant role in many of the affiliates, even there some groups, such as the New York and Southern California affiliates, had a history of paying for legal representation. The Foundation's purpose was to solicit funds from, among other places, other foundations, and during its early years much of its resources supported civil rights work in the South. In later years, it would provide initial funds for many of the special projects, gather any legal fees won by the project lawyers, applying the funds against the project's overhead costs.

These changes reflected not only the organization's growth, but also its expanding interpretation of what constituted civil liberties work. Starting with the civil rights movement and continuing on through the Vietnam War and Watergate, the ACLU fought internally, often bitterly, over the scope and nature of its work. In this battle, the broad interpreters of the Union's mission won out, as the organization took on cases involving abortion rights, women's rights, affirmative action, and other areas, far from the basic principle of protecting First Amendment rights on which the Union was founded.

The 1980s and early 1990s

The ACLU emerged from the 1970s a victor of many legal battles and organizationally strong. However, despite its track record and strength, the ACLU would not ring up a string of Supreme Court victories in the 1980s and 1990s as it had in the previous two decades. Public sentiment, long an ally in many areas, had shifted against the organization, to the point that ACLU membership was identified as out-of-the-mainstream. In the 1988 presidential election, GOP candidate George Bush, willfully unaware of nearly fifty years of Supreme Court decisions, echoed the phrase of Joseph McCarthy in calling his opponent, Michael Dukakis, a "card- carrying member of the ACLU" for his opposition to a flag-salute requirement. The Bush accusation reflected the state of public awareness of civil liberties in the 1980s as the ACLU re- fought a number of battles over such issues as censorship, school prayer, creationism, and abortion rights. In the area of censorship, the Union
withstood challenges from both right and left, the latter trying to censor publications under the rubric
of protecting women. However, the ACLU stood firm in its belief in the absolute freedom of speech.

The U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights were written to guarantee that the rights of the minority
would not be infringed upon by the majority; the ACLU's accomplishments during the twentieth
century helped to ensure that unpopular views would be tolerated, and indirectly, to remind people
that it is an uncommon nation that commonly tolerates challenges to the majority view.

Description

These Records document the activities of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) in protecting
individual rights between 1947 and 1995. The collection contains correspondence, clippings, court
documents, memoranda, printed matter, minutes, reports, briefs, legal files, exhibit materials, and
audio-visual materials. Also included are materials from ACLU affiliate organizations, the Lawyers

Due to the exceptionally large volume within the ACLU Records, succinct series and subseries
descriptions have been written, providing a basic outline of the records available. The researcher
should always consult the folder list to ascertain if the records contain a topic of interest since not all
subjects are mentioned in these brief descriptions.

The researcher should also be aware that many topics may be covered in more than one series or
subseries. For instance, materials concerning freedom of the press are located in both the Mass
Communications and Censorship subseries. Often the series descriptions note similar materials
found in other parts of this collection. Due to limitations in processing time, not every file is in exact
chronological or alphabetical order.

Access and Use

Access

Subgroup 2 is open for research use.

Restrictions on Use and Copyright Information

Single photocopies may be made for research purposes. For quotations that are fair use as defined
under U. S. Copyright Law, no permission to cite or publish is required. For those few instances
beyond fair use, researchers are responsible for determining who may hold the copyright and
obtaining approval from them. Researchers do not need anything further from the Mudd Library to
move forward with their use.

Physical Characteristics and Technical Requirements

Access to this material follows the Mudd Manuscript Library policy for preservation and access to
audiovisual materials.

Other Finding Aid(s)

This finding aid describes a portion of the American Civil Liberties Union Records held at the Seeley
G. Mudd Manuscript Library. For an overview of the entire collection, instructions on searching the
collection and requesting materials, and other information, please see the Guide to the American Civil Liberties Union Records.

### Acquisition and Appraisal

#### Appraisal

During the processing of this collection, many items were discarded, including newspaper clippings from the New York Times and other major newspapers, government publications, well-known serial publications, and publications and large distribution memoranda from well-known and well-documented organizations such as the American Jewish Committee or Americans United for the Separation of Church and State.

### Related Materials

#### Location of Copies or Alternate Formats

Public records of the ACLU from 1917 to 1989, have been microfilmed by the Microfilming Corporation of America (MCA) and University Microfilms International (UMI). These records include minutes of the board of directors, mailings to the board of directors, biennial conference papers, policy guides, the national legal docket, organization manuals, constitution and bylaws, legal briefs, and publications. The American Civil Liberties Union Records and Publications 1917-1975: A Guide to the Microfilm Edition and succeeding guides to these materials are available in the reference room, and the microfilm itself is located in the microforms reading room.

The bound volumes of ACLU records covering 1917 through 1946 (volumes 1-2762) have been microfilmed and researchers must use the microfilm in order to prevent further deterioration of these fragile volumes. Researchers should consult the finding aid to the earlier ACLU records (1917-1946) for their description and arrangement.

#### Related Archival Material

- American Civil Liberties Union, Washington, D.C. Office Records
- American United for the Separation of Church and State Records
- Roger N. Baldwin Papers
- Osmond K. Fraenkel Diaries
- Fund for the Republic Records
- Arthur Garfield Hays Papers
- Peggy Lamson Collection on Roger N. Baldwin
- Law Students Civil Rights Research Council Records
- PEN American Center Records (at Firestone Library)
Preferred Citation
Identification of specific item; Date (if known); American Civil Liberties Union Records, Box and Folder Number; Public Policy Papers, Special Collections, Princeton University Library.

Works Cited
Historical sketch based on In Defense of American Liberties: A History of the ACLU by Samuel Walker. See also Samuel Walker’s The American Civil Liberties Union: An Annotated Bibliography.

Encoding

Descriptive Rules Used
Finding aid content adheres to that prescribed by Describing Archives: A Content Standard.

Subject Headings

· Baldwin, Roger N. (Roger Nash), 1884-1981 -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Dorsen, Norman -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Dulles, John Foster, 1888-1959 -- Adversaries.
· Ennis, Bruce J., 1941 -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Epperson, Susan -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Escobedo, Danny -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Everson, Arch R. -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Gault, Gerald Francis, 1949 or 50- -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Gideon, Clarence Earl -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Griswold, Estelle -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Hays, Arthur Garfield, 1881-1954 - Contributions to civil rights.
· Holtzman, Elizabeth -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Jacobellis, Nico -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Levy, Herbert Monte, 1923 -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Malin, Patrick Murphy, 1903-1964 -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Miranda, Ernesto -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Neier, Aryeh, 1937 -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Neuborne, Burt -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Pemberton, John de J. -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Perry, Richard L. -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Pound, Ezra, 1885-1972 -- Imprisonment.
· Powell, John A. (John Anthony) -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Reitman, Alan -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Schempp, Edward L. -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Schwarzschild, Henry -- Contributions to civil rights.
· Scopes, John Thomas, 1900-1970 -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Seeger, Daniel A. -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Tinker, John Frederick -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· Wulf, Melvin A. -- Contributions to civil rights.
· American Union Against Militarism.
· Marshall Civil Liberties Trust Fund.
· National Civil Liberties Bureau (U.S.)
· New York Times Company -- Trials, litigation, etc.
· United States. Constitution. 1st-10th Amendments.
· Abortion -- Law and legislation -- United States -- 20th century.
· African Americans -- Civil rights -- History 20th century.
· African Americans -- Legal status, laws, etc. -- 20th century.
· Aliens -- United States -- Civil rights -- 20th century.
· Amnesty -- United States -- 20th century.
· Anti-communist movements -- United States -- History -- 20th century.
· Apportionment (Election law) -- United States -- 20th century.
· Assembly, Right of -- United States -- 20th century.
· Censorship -- United States -- 20th century.
· Church and state -- United States -- 20th century.
· Citizen suits (Civil procedure) -- United States -- 20th century.
· Civil rights -- United States -- 20th century.
· Civil rights movements -- United States -- 20th century.
· Civil rights workers -- United States -- 20th century -- Correspondence.
· Communism -- United States -- 20th century.
· Conscientious objectors -- United States -- 20th century.
· Constitutional law -- United States -- 20th century.
· Discrimination -- United States -- 20th century.
· Discrimination in employment - Law and legislation - United States - 20th century.
· Draft resisters -- United States -- 20th century.
· Due process of law -- United States -- 20th century.
· Equality before the law -- United States -- 20th century.
· Freedom of association -- United States -- 20th century.
· Freedom of information -- United States -- 20th century.
· Freedom of movement -- United States -- 20th century.
· Freedom of religion -- United States -- 20th century.
· Gay rights -- United States -- 20th century.
· Homosexuality -- Government policy -- History -- United States -- 20th century.
· Indians of North America -- Civil rights -- 20th century.
· Insanity -- Jurisprudence -- United States -- 20th century.
· Internal security -- United States -- History -- 20th century.
· Jews -- Legal status, laws, etc. -- United States -- 20th century.
· Labor laws and legislation -- United States -- 20th century.
· Law -- United States -- Cases -- 20th century.
· Legal aid -- United States -- 20th century.
· Legal services -- United States -- 20th century.
· Loyalty oaths -- United States -- 20th century.
· Mental health laws -- United States -- 20th century.
· Minorities -- Legal status, laws, etc. -- United States -- 20th century.
· Police power -- United States -- 20th century.
· Political questions and judicial power -- United States -- 20th century.
· Political refugees -- Legal status, laws, etc. -- United States -- 20th century.
· Political rights -- United States -- 20th century.
· Political rights, Loss of -- United States -- 20th century.
· Privacy, Right of -- United States -- 20th century.
· Race discrimination -- Law and legislation -- United States -- 20th century.
· Records -- Access control -- United States -- 20th century.
· Sacco-Vanzetti Trial, Dedham, Mass., 1921.
· Sex discrimination -- United States -- 20th century.
· Strikes and lockouts -- United States -- Cases -- 20th century.
· Subversive activities -- United States -- 20th century.
· Teaching, Freedom of -- United States -- 20th century.
· Television in politics -- United States -- 20th century.
· Trials -- United States -- 20th century.
· Women's rights -- United States -- 20th century.
· United States -- Armed forces -- Gays.
· Audiovisual materials.
· Briefs.
· Correspondence.
· Legal files.
· Memorandums.
· Minutes.
· Reports.
· American history/20th century
· American politics and government
· Legal history
· Public policy/20th century
· World War II
· World War I
Series 6, Audio-Visual materials, 1930-1995

Description: The Audio Visual Series contains VHS video cassette tapes, Beta video cassette tapes, 1" and 2" video tape, 16 mm film, 2-inch videotape, microfilm, audio cassettes, 33 1/3 rpm and 45 rpm records, photographs, and reel-to-reel audio tapes. All of the audio-visual material is arranged by format, then chronologically, except for the photographs which are arranged alphabetically by subject or individual.

The VHS video tapes contain a few sessions from the 1989 Biennial Conference, but primarily consist of TV talk shows, press conferences, network news, and documentaries covering a wide range of civil liberties issues. Most shows feature one or more ACLU-affiliated guests. The VHS tapes span 1979 through 1992, and 1995.

The audio cassettes consist almost entirely of recordings of the sessions from the 1985, 1987, and 1989 Biennial Conferences. Also included are three tapes from Series 3, Subject Files: Deprogramming. For the 1985 Conference, a list of the presenter(s) of the various sessions is provided, however, this information was not available for the 1987 and 1989 Conferences.

The reel-to-reel audio tapes are divided into two sections: seven-inch reels and five-inch reels. The seven-inch reels contain debates involving Fulton Lewis III from the early 1960s, recordings from the 1970 Biennial Conference, and various ACLU board meetings from 1973-1976. The five-inch reels contain ACLU public service announcements. There are a few reels, both seven-inch and five-inch, that are presently unidentified.

The 16mm films include TV shows and films that the ACLU had significant interest in, including "Operation Abolition," a 1960 propaganda film prepared by the House Committee on Un-American Activities distorting the events of a student protest against the HUAC hearings in San Francisco. Also included is the response film "Operation Correction."

The photographs are primarily portraits and group photos of ACLU officials. Negatives for some of the photographs are also enclosed. There are also a few slides. The 2" video tapes consist of eight reels from the "Rights of Americans" series and "commercial spots" for the Amnesty Project.

Arrangement: Series 6 is arranged by form and alphabetically or chronologically therein.

VHS Cassette Tapes, 1979 March-1995

- 60 Minutes, Roger Baldwin interview, 1979 March 11
  accessionnumber: 1979-1
  Box: 2036

- MacNeil-Lehrer Report; Roger Baldwin, 1979 April 25
  accessionnumber: 1979-2
  Box: 2036

  Box: 5676

- Description: U-matic, KSP-S20

- Phil Donahue, The Moral Majority; Ira Glasser, 1981
  Box: 2036
accessionnumber: 1981-1

C-SPAN, Libel Law Call-In Program; Ira Glasser, 1984 December 13  Box: 2036

accessionnumber: 1984-1

World News Tonite, The Sanctuary: Nuns Hiding Illegal Aliens, 1985 May 27  Box: 2036

accessionnumber: 1985-1

Constitution at 200, The Constitution; Burt Neuborne, 1986 April 2  Box: 2036

accessionnumber: 1986-1

Rights in Jeopardy, Gay Rights and AIDS: The role of the ACLU; Dave Waxy, John Barboni (KC), Tom Stoddard, 1986  Box: 2036

accessionnumber: 1986-2

Main Street (NBC), Euthanasia; Nancy Cruzan, 1986  Box: 2036

accessionnumber: 1986-3

Phil Donahue, AIDS Testing; Nan Hunter, 1986  Box: 2036

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We The People 200, The Constitutional Gala, 1987 October 16
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Bill Moyers Special Report, The Secret Government... The Constitution in Crisis, Iran Contra Affair (Pt. 1), 1987 November 4
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Town Meeting, Race and the Constitution: A Panel; Wade Henderson, 1987 November 12
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CCLU Documentary, The Death Penalty; Bill Olds, Diane Rust-Tierney, others, 1987
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Phil Donahue, The Ku Klux Klan's right to be on television; Ira Glasser, Hosea Williams, 1987
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Documentary Program, Justice Is A Constant Struggle; Ira Glasser, 1987
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This Week with David Brinkley, Bork Nomination, 1987
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Geraldo, Forced C-sections; Lynn Paltrow, 1988 January
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WCBS News (Channel 2), DYFS: Division of Youth and Family Services; New Jersey government, 1988 February 24-26
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Phil Donahue, Censorship: Harold Washington painting, etc.; Harvey Grossman, 1988 June 14
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CNN coverage, Republican National Convention; Pat Robertson, 1988 August
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ABC Town Meeting, Legalization of Drugs: with Ted Koppel; Dershowitz, Buckley, others, 1988 September 13
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Women, Pornography and the 1st Amendment; J. Crawford, C. MacKinnon and H. Pilpel (Copy), 1985  
   Description: Copy on 2 cds.  

Establishment and Free Exercise Clauses; Rev. Dean Kelley, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 6A  

Establishment and Free Exercise Clauses; Rev. Dean Kelley, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 6B  

Gay Rights; D. Waxse, M. Kegel and A. Rubenfeld, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 7  

Gay Rights; D. Waxse, M. Kegel and A. Rubenfeld (Copy), 1985  
   Description: Copy on 2 cds.  

Women's Rights; T. Young, I. Pinzler and S. Post, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 8  

Crime in the Streets; S. Walker, L. Siegel and P. Rosner, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 9  

Capital Punishment; M. Gaines, G. Kendall, D. Davidson and H. Schwarzschild, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 10  

Book Censorship; P. Meyer, L. Katz and M. Weidler, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 11  

Poor People's Rights; R. Carrigan, P. Strum, G. Guerrero, L. Monroe and R. Ripston, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 12  

Government Surveillance; R. Schoen, J. Berman, and J. Miller, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 13  

Immigration Rights; M. Gale, W. Henderson and M. Metcalfe, 1985 June  
   itemnumber: 14
Series 6, Audio-Visual materials ... (Continued)

Withholding and Receiving Medical Treatment; M. Gallwey, V. Milstein and M. Gradison, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 15

Children's Rights; L. Grossman, C. Hansen and B. Steinhardt, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 16

Rights of the Disabled; J. Fiske, A. Gartner and S. Pedler, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 17

Race Discrimination; E. Feingold, R. Larson and S. Kurjiaka, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 18

The New Imperial Presidency; A. Lewis, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 19

Abuses in the Workplace; Ed Asner and Panel, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 20A

Abuses in the Workplace; Ed Asner and Panel, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 20B

Nuclear Arms/Civil Liberties; W. Lynch, M. Schachter and J. McTerran, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 21A

Nuclear Arms/Civil Liberties; W. Lynch, M. Schachter and J. McTerran, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 21B

International Law and Civil Liberties; F. Haiman and P. Hoffman, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 22

Final Plenary Session; Rolland O'Hare, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 23A

Final Plenary Session; Rolland O'Hare, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 23B

Final Plenary Session; Rolland O'Hare, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 23C

Final Plenary Session; Rolland O'Hare, 1985 June
  itemnumber: 23D
Lawyers Meeting, 1985 June 12
   itemnumber: 24A

Lawyers Meeting, 1985 June 12
   itemnumber: 24B

Board of Directors Meeting, Tapes A-E, 1985
   itemnumber: 25-29

Biennial Conference, 1987
Opening Plenary Session, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 1A

Forums for Protecting Rights - Session 1, The Courts, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 2A

Forums for Protecting Rights - Session 1, The Courts, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 2B

Original Intent - Interpretation and the Constitutional Vision, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 3

Death Penalty, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 4

Immigration Rights, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 5

Separation of Church and State, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 6

Reproductive Freedom, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 7

Rights of the Disabled, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 8

Lawyers Meeting, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 9A

Lawyers Meeting, dates not examined
   itemnumber: 9B
Forums for Protecting Rights - Session 2 Public Opinion, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 10  
Box: 2055

Forums for Protecting Rights - Session 3 The Legislatures, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 11  
Box: 2055

Student's Rights in Schools, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 12  
Box: 2055

Sex Discrimination, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 13  
Box: 2055

Lesbian and Gay Rights, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 14  
Box: 2055

Information and Privacy, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 15  
Box: 2055

Information and Privacy Copy, 1987  
Description: Copy on 2 cds.  
Box: 5676

Drug Testing, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 16  
Box: 2055

Prisoners' Rights, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 17  
Box: 2055

Civil Liberties and Hysteria, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 18  
Box: 2055

Civil Liberties in the Constitution's Third Century, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 19  
Box: 2055

Constitution and White House - Secrecy v. Accountability, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 20  
Box: 2055

Economic Rights, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 21  
Box: 2055

Race Discrimination, dates not examined  
itemnumber: 22  
Box: 2055

Censorship and Pornography, dates not examined  
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<td>AIDS Discrimination, dates not examined</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>2055</td>
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<td>Banquet, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Final Plenary Session, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Final Plenary Session, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Freedom Brunch, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Biennial Conference, 1989</td>
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<td>Today's Challenge to the Bill of Rights, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Reproductive Freedom, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Surrogate Parenting, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Death Penalty, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Censorship, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Prisoners' Rights, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Privacy, Technology and Civil Liberties, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Rights of the Disabled, dates not examined</td>
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<td>AIDS and Civil Liberties - Litigation, dates not examined</td>
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Immigration Rights, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 10
Rights of Gays and Lesbians, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 11
Children's Rights, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 12
Women's Rights, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 13
Separation of Church and State, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 14
National Security and Civil Liberties, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 15
AIDS and Civil Liberties - Legislation, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 16
International Standards and Domestic Civil Liberties, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 17
Worker's Rights, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 18
ACLU Publications and Newsletters, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 19
Development Workshop, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 20A-20E
Public Education, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 21
Legislative Issues and Lobbying, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 22A-20D
Lawyers Meetings - Race/Gender, dates not examined  Box: 2056

itemnumber: 23A-B
Lawyers Meetings - Voting, Aids, New Strategies in Education, dates not examined  Box: 2056
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<th>Item Number</th>
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<td>Lawyers Meetings - Voting, Aids, New Strategies in Education, dates not examined</td>
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<td>24B</td>
<td>Lawyers Meetings - Supreme Court Review, dates not examined</td>
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<td>26B</td>
<td>Conference Banquet, dates not examined</td>
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<td>National and Affiliate Report, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Public Education on the Bill of Rights, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Racism on the Rise, dates not examined</td>
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<td>30 A-B</td>
<td>Civil Liberties and the Drug Crisis, dates not examined</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>The Constitution and Economic Rights, dates not examined</td>
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<td>32 A-B</td>
<td>First Voting Plenary, dates not examined</td>
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<td>33 A-C</td>
<td>Final Voting Plenary, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Deprogramming, 1976</td>
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<td>1-2</td>
<td>&quot;Faith and Mind Control&quot; Dr. John Clark and Dr. David Allen, 1976</td>
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<td>Radio Show with Galan Kelley on WFAS in Westchester, undated</td>
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<td>Film, 1950 December 13-1983</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>16mm Film, 1952-1982</td>
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<td>NBC Today Show with John Chancellor, circa 1962</td>
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<td>Item Number</td>
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<td>Cruel and Unjust Punishment, undated</td>
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<td>Ira Glasser appearance on Phil Donahue, 1981</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>&quot;The Challenge&quot;, circa 1952</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>&quot;Operation Abolition&quot;, 1960</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>&quot;All-American&quot;, undated</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>&quot;Operation Correction&quot;, 1960</td>
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<td>&quot;Fact Forum Panel with William Buckley, Patrick Malin, Richard Combs and Prof. Hodges, undated</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>&quot;An Artist's Report&quot;, circa 1973</td>
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<td>Donahue - Glasser and Moral Majority, 1982</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>Howe Case Exhibit Films, undated</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Howe Case Exhibit Films, undated</td>
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<td>Beta Video Cassettes, 1978 November 28-1983</td>
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<td>ACLU Public Service Announcements, 1978 November 28</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>This Week With David Brinkley; Capital Punishment, 1983 October 09</td>
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Texas Criminal Defense Lawyers Association; Death Penalty Litigation Conference, 1983
itemnumber: 3

33 1/3 rpm and 45 rpm Records, 1950 December 13-1976
Friday is a Great Day, 1950 December 13
itemnumber: 1
Size: 2 records) (33 1/3 rpm)
Civil Liberties - Educational Audio Visual, 1976
itemnumber: 2
Size: 3 records) (33 1/3 rpm)
For the Dignity of Man; A Salute to Lyndon B. Johnson, 1965
itemnumber: 3
Size: 45 rpm

Microfilm, dates not examined
ACLU Press Release and Testimony of L. Speiser, undated
itemnumber: 1
"Pressure For Freedom: The ACLU" Barton Bean, undated
itemnumber: 2-3

Photographs, 1930-1979
Assembly and Public Protest - Paul Robeson Peekskill Riots, 1949
Size: 24 photos
Biennial Conference, 1964
Size: 23 photos
Description: Information on back of photos and negatives included.
Biennial Conference, 1966
Size: 28 photos
Description: Negatives included.
Biennial Conference, 1979
Size: 14 photos
Clerical Staff, 1930s
Size: 1 photo
Censorship - Ellis Post Office censorship case, 1949 April 29
Series 6, Audio-Visual materials ... (Continued)

Size: 1 photo
Description: Ellis holding box.

Censorship - "Flex-O-View" with viewer, 1950
Size: 5 slides

Censorship - "Desert Dancer", circa 1955
Size: 1 slide

Church/State - Scene from the Martin Luther motion picture, 1957
Size: 1 photo

Church/State - Rev. Liston Park, Snakehandler, Newport, IN, 1973
Size: 2 photos

Civil Rights Marches, dates not examined
Size: 3 photos

Freedom to Movement - Kani Abdul Hamid Nouri upon his release, 1951
Size: 2 photos

Freedom of Movement - Ryszard Eibel, 1958
Size: 5 photos

International Civil Liberties - Yamazate-ku, Koza, 1956
Size: 1 photo

Portraits, dates not examined
  Adams, Ruth, dates not examined
    Size: 1 photo
  Angell, Ernest, dates not examined
    Size: 7 photos
  Baldwin, Roger, dates not examined
    Size: 2 photos
  Baldwin, Roger, dates not examined
    Size: 3 photos
    "Lively Libertarian", dates not examined
      Size: 8 photos
    50th Birthday UPI photo, dates not examined
      Size: 3 photos
    Proofs, dates not examined
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<td>Bierstadt, Robert, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Black, Algernon David, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Block, Herbert L., dates not examined</td>
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<td>Brown, Ralph S., dates not examined</td>
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<td>Burba, Elizabeth, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Portraits - Chaffe, Zecariah, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Clark, Ramsey, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Davidson, Dorothy, dates not examined</td>
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<td>DeSilver, Albert, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Dobie, Frank, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Emerson, Thomas, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Ennis, Edward J., dates not examined</td>
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<td>Ernst, Morris, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Evans, Luther, dates not examined</td>
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<td>Fly, James Lawrence</td>
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<td>Fraenkel, Osmond</td>
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<td>Heckscher, August</td>
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<td>Hendel, Samuel</td>
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<td>Holmes, John Haynes</td>
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<td>Horne, Dr. Frank S.</td>
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<td>Jacobs, Mrs. Yarnell</td>
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Series 6, Audio-Visual materials ... (Continued)

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Jones, Dr. John Paul, dates not examined  Box: 2073

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Karpatkin, Marvin, dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 8 photos
Kenyon, Judge Dorothy, dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 3 photos
Kerney Jr., James, dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 1 photo
McKay, Robert B., dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 1 photo
McNaughton, A.B., dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 1 photo
Mazey, Ernest, dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 1 photo
Malin, Patrick Murphy, dates not examined  Box: 2073

Size: 9 photos
Maslow, Will, dates not examined  Box: 2074

Size: 1 photo
Meiklejohn, Alexander, dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Meserve, Harry, dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Metzenbaum, Howard M., dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Miller, Byron S., dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Miller, Reverend Edward, dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Miller, Jay, dates not examined  Box: 2074

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Millis, Walter, dates not examined  Box: 2074
Milner, Lucille, dates not examined  
Size: 1 photo  
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Moore, William, dates not examined  
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Morgan, Charles, dates not examined  
Size: 6 photos  
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Neier, Aryeh, dates not examined  
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Nelles, Walter, dates not examined  
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Norton, Eleanor Holmes, dates not examined  
Size: 2 photos  
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Parsons, Reverend Edward, dates not examined  
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Pemberton, Jr., John de J., dates not examined  
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Pilpel, Harriet, dates not examined  
Size: 3 photos  
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Pinkus, Craig, dates not examined  
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Pitkin, Wolcott, dates not examined  
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Pratt, Elliot, dates not examined  
Size: 1 photo  
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Redfield, Emanuel, dates not examined  
Size: 1 photo  
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Reitman, Alan, dates not examined  
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Rice, Elmer, dates not examined  
Size: 2 photos  
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Ross, William, dates not examined  
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Rubin, Steve (with bombed out car), dates not examined  Box: 2075
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Schroeter, Leonard, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Schwartzschild, Henry, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Slaff, George, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Speiser, Lawrence, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Stevenson, Adlai, dates not examined  Box: 2075
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Stokes, Helen, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Strickland, Ann, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Ten Eyck, Barent, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Tydings, Senator Joseph, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Wechsler, James, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Whiteside, Howard, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Williams, Edward Bennett, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 1 photo
Wood, L. Hollingsworth, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Wulf, Mel, dates not examined  Box: 2075
Size: 2 photos
Group Photos, 1963
R. Baldwin, M. Tree, A. Macleish 12/3, dates not examined
  Size: 1 photo

R. Baldwin, J. Pemberton, P. Malin, dates not examined
  Size: 1 photo

R. Baldwin, A. Schlesinger, dates not examined
  Size: 1 photo

P. Malin, A. Hays, G.W. Waring, E. Angell, dates not examined
  Size: 1 photo

J. Pemberton, unidentified, 1963
  Size: 1 photo

S. Teller, C. Darrow, Brophy, (12/28), dates not examined
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A. Hays (plus negative), dates not examined

Professional Video Tape, 1970-1979

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 1

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 2

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 3

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 4

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 5

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 6

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 7

The Rights of Americans, 1976
  itemnumber: 8

Amnesty Spots, 1970s

Microfiche, 1980

Oversized Materials, 1931-1992  

ACLUnPrinted Materials, 1931-1992  

Civil Liberties, 1931-1992  

Box: 2086  

Box: 2087  

Box: 2088  

Affiliate Publications, undated  

Box: 2089  

Box: 2090  

Box: 2091  

Box: 2092  

Box: 2093  

Box: 2094  

Miscellaneous, undated  

Box: 2095  

Box: 2096  

Subject Files, dates not examined  

Description: Printed Material culled from Series 2, Project Files and Series 3, Subject Files includes:  

Civil Rights, Government, International Civil Liberties, Labor and Business, Mass Communications, and Mental Health Issues, dates not examined  

Box: 2097  

Military Rights (Amnesty Project) and Miscellaneous, dates not examined  

Box: 2098  

Native Americans and Women's Rights, dates not examined  

Box: 2099  

Outside Organizations, dates not examined  

AFL-CIO News - Clarion, undated  

Box: 2100  

Civil Rights News - Just Us, undated  

Box: 2101  

Lancaster Independent - Quash, undated  

Box: 2102  

Rights - Miscellaneous pamphlets and posters, undated  

Box: 2103  

Posters, 1969, undated  

Description: Includes: 1) Lesbian and Gay Rights Project poster; 2) "Owners of the War Machine are the Real Criminals" (Chicago); 3) 1969 reprint from The Advance: "Dissent: The Basic Right of a Free People."  

Folder: Oversize  

folder 1 Cabinet: 1  

Drawer: 13